
USB3 Vision Monochrome / Color CMOS Camera

STC-MBE132U3V (1.3M / Monochrome CS mount)

STC-MCE132U3V (1.3M / Color / CS mount)

STC-MCE132U3V-C (1.3M / Color / C mount)

Product Specifications and User's Guide

Aegis Electronic Group
www.aegiselect.com

OMRON SENTECH CO., LTD.

Table of Contents

1	Product Precautions.....	6
2	Warranty	6
3	Overview	7
3.1	Features	7
3.2	Item Numbers Naming Method	7
4	Specifications	8
4.1	Electronic Specifications.....	8
4.2	Spectral Sensitivity Characteristics	10
4.2.1	STC-MBE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V-C	10
4.2.2	IR Cut Filter (STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132u3V-C)	10
4.3	Mechanical Specifications	11
4.3.1	STC-MBE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V	11
4.3.2	STC-MCE132U3V-C	11
4.4	Environmental Specifications	12
4.5	Connector Specifications.....	13
4.5.1	USB 3.0 micro B.....	13
4.5.2	I/O Connector	14
4.5.3	Input Signals.....	14
4.5.4	Output Signals.....	16
5	Dimensions	19
5.1	STC-MBE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V	19
5.2	STC-MCE132U3V-C	20
6	Sensor Information.....	21
6.1	Pixel Transferring Image.....	21
7	Image Acquisition and Camera Operational Modes (GenICam)	22
7.1	Free run	22
7.2	Trigger Mode	23
7.2.1	Frame Start Trigger (Edge Preset).....	24
7.2.2	Frame Start Trigger (Pulse Width Trigger).....	25
7.2.3	Trigger Software.....	25
8	IO Function.....	26
8.1	Input Port Function	26
8.1.1	Trigger Input	26
8.1.2	Line Status	26
8.1.3	Trigger Delay.....	27
8.2	Output Port Function	27
8.2.1	Line Source	27
8.2.2	User Output.....	30
8.2.3	Line Status	30
8.2.4	Output signal duration setting and Pulse width setting	30
9	Camera Functions	31
9.1	ROI (Region of Interest)	31
9.1.1	ROI (One Region)	31
9.2	Pixel Format	33
9.3	Binning.....	33
9.4	Decimation.....	34
9.5	Image Flip.....	35
9.6	Gain	37
9.6.1	Analog Gain.....	37

9.6.2	Digital Gain.....	37
9.6.3	White Balance Gain (Only available for the color model)	37
9.7	Black Level	38
9.8	ALC (Auto Light Control)	38
9.8.1	ALC Control Method.....	38
9.8.2	AGC (Auto Gain Control)	39
9.8.3	Auto Exposure.....	39
9.8.4	The setting procedure of ALC	39
9.9	White Balance (Only available for the color model)	40
9.9.1	White balance control methods.....	40
9.9.2	Disable	40
9.9.3	Manual (Off)	40
9.9.4	Auto White Balance (Continuous).....	40
9.9.5	Push to Set White Balance (Once)	41
9.10	Gamma Table	42
9.11	Save and load the camera settings	43
9.11.1	Saving the Camera Settings	43
9.11.2	Loading Camera Settings.....	44
9.11.3	Loading Camera Settings when the Camera Power is on	44
9.11.4	Camera Settings Initialization.....	44
9.12	Pixel Defect Correction.....	45
9.13	Trigger	45
9.13.1	Trigger Signal Process	45
9.14	Device User ID	46
9.15	Event Control (Only available with USB3 Vision protocol)	46
9.15.1	The way to use Event.....	46
9.15.2	Event Function	46
9.16	GenICam Command list.....	47
9.16.1	DeviceControl.....	47
9.16.2	ImageFormatControl	48
9.16.3	AcquisitionControl	49
9.16.4	TransportLayerControl	49
9.16.5	DigitalIOControl	49
9.16.6	EventControl.....	50
9.16.7	EventExposureEndData.....	50
9.16.8	EventTestData	50
9.16.9	AnalogControl.....	50
9.16.10	LUTControl	50
9.16.11	UserSetControl	51
9.16.12	TestControl.....	51
10	Revision History	52

Precautions for safe use

Please read carefully this "Precautions for safe use" before use the camera. Then the camera uses correctly with agreeing with below notes.

In this "Precautions for safe use", notes divides into "Warning" and "Caution" to use the camera safety and prevent to harm and damage.

Warning	This shows, assumption for possibility of serious accident leading death or serious injury if ignore this note and camera uses incorrectly.
Caution	This shows, assumption for possibility of bear the damage or physical damage if ignore this note and camera uses incorrectly.

About Graphic symbols



This symbol shows general prohibition.



This symbol shows completion or instruction.

[Environment / condition]

Warning	
Do not use flammable or explosiveness atmospheres. This will cause of personal injury or fire.	Do not use for "safety for human body" related usage. This camera is designed for use "do not harm human body immediately" if by any chance the camera has malfunction.
Caution	
Use and store under specified environmental conditions (Vibration, shock, temperature, humidity) in the specifications for this camera. This will cause of fire or damage the camera.	

[Installation and cable wiring]

Warning	
Do not use with out of power voltage range that is specified in the specifications for this camera. This will cause of fire, electrification or malfunction.	Do not wrong wiring. This will cause of fire or malfunction.

Caution	
Do not grounding DC power (+) of all devices that are connect to the camera. The camera housing is connecting to 0 V line of camera inside circuit. There is a risk of short circuit between camera inside ciurcuit and frame ground. This will cause of malfunction.	It is necessary to wiring and mounting that is specified in the specifications for this camera. This will cause of fire or malfunction.
It is necessary to wiring with turn off the camera. This will cause of electrification or malfunction.	It is necessary to mounting the camera without stress for the cable. This will case of electrification or fire.

[Usage instruction]

Warning	
Do not touch the terminal and PCB board while turn on the camera. This will cause of electrification or accident caused by malfunction.	Do not put combustibles near the camera. This will cause of fire.
Do not use without usage that is specified in the specifications for this camera. This will cause of personal injury or malfunction.	Do not push metals including screw driver into radiation holes. This will cause of electrification or malfunction.
Do not touch the camera housing while or after using the camera. There is a risk of get burned.	
Caution	
Do not push contamination into opening of the camera. This will cause of electrification or malfunction.	Do not block the radiation holes. This will cause of fire due to increase the camera inside temperature.

[Maintenance]

Caution	
Do not disassemble or repair the camera. This will cause of fire, electrification or malfunction.	It is turn off the camera when maintaining or inspecting the camera. This will cause of electrification.

[Disposal]

Caution	
It is necessary to dispose as industrial waste.	

1 Product Precautions

- Do not give shock to the camera.
 - Do not haul or damage the camera cable.
 - Do not wrap the camera with any material while using the camera. This will cause the internal camera temperature to increase.
 - When the camera moving or using the place that temperature difference is extreme, countermeasure for dew condensation (heat removal / cold removal) is necessary.
 - While the camera is not using, keep the lens cap on the camera to prevent dust or contamination from getting in the sensor or filter and scratching or damaging it.
- Do not keep the camera under the following conditions.
- In wet, moist, high humidity or dusty place
 - Under direct sunlight
 - In extreme high or low temperature place
 - Near an object that releases a strong magnetic or electric field
 - Place with strong vibrations
- Apply the power that satisfies the specified in specifications for the camera.
 - The defective pixels may appear due to the sensor characteristics.
 - Use below recommend materials (or equivalent materials) to clean the surface of glass.
 - Air dust: Non Freon air duster (NAKABAYASHI Co., LTD.)
 - Alcohol: Propan-2-ol (SAN'EI KAKO Co., LTD.)
 - Non-woven: nikowipe clean room (NKB)
 - Use a soft cloth to clean the camera.

2 Warranty

■Warranty period

One year after delivery (However, the camera had malfunction with camera uses correctly)

In below case for a fee even within warranty period.

- The malfunction caused by incorrect usage, incorrect modify or repair.
- The malfunction caused by external shock including the camera dropping after delivery the camera.
- The malfunction caused by fire, earthquake, flood disaster, thunderbolt struck, other natural disaster or wrong voltage.

■Warranty coverage

Exchange or repair the malfunction camera if the malfunction is occurred by our responsibility.

"Warranty" mean is warranty for the delivered camera itself. Please accept the induction damage by the camera malfunction is not included.

3 Overview

This document describes the specification of the following cameras.

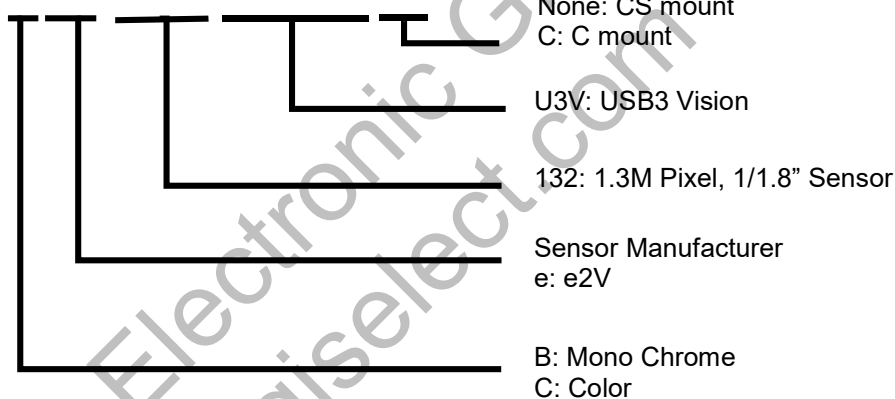
STC-MBE132U3V / MCE132U3V (1.3M)

3.1 Features

- USB3 Vision
- Maximum frame rate (Full resolution): 60 fps @ 1.3M 8bits
- CMOS (Global Shutter)
- Up to 32 Pixel Defect Correction
- 8bits, 10bits output (RGB8 output is available for color model)

3.2 Item Numbers Naming Method

STC-MxE132U3V-x



4 Specifications

4.1 Electronic Specifications

Model Number		STC-MBE132U3V	STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V-C
Image Sensor		1/1.8" 1.3M Progressive Monochrome CMOS (e2V: EV76C560)	1/1.8" 1.3M Progressive Color CMOS (e2V: EV76C560)
Shutter Type		Global / Rolling (Global)	
Active Picture Elements		1,280 (H) x 1,024 (V)	
Cell Size		5.3 (H) x 5.3 (V) μm	
Sync System		External trigger (Hardware, Software) / Free run	
Maximum	8bits output	60 fps	
Frame Rate (at Full scanning)	10bits output		
	RGB 8bits output	N/A	55 fps
ADC bit width		10bits	
Video Format		8bits / 10bits output	
Noise Level	8bits output	Less than 3 digits (Gain 0 dB)	
	10bits output	Less than 12 digits (Gain 0 dB)	
Minimum Scene Illumination		0.26 Lux at F1.2	28.14 Lux at F1.2
Exposure time	8bits output	15.72 $\mu\text{seconds}$ to 1.03 seconds (Default: 16,379.5 $\mu\text{seconds}$)	
	10bits output		
	RGB 8bits output	N/A	15.72 $\mu\text{seconds}$ to 1.03 seconds (Default: 17,951.4 $\mu\text{seconds}$)
Gain	Analog Gain	x0 to x3.96 (Default: x1)	
	Digital Gain	x0 to x3.98 (Default: x0)	
Black Level	12bits output	0 to 255 digits (Default: 168)	
White Balance Gain		N/A	0 (Black level) to x4 (Default: x1)
ROI		Horizontal: 32 to 1,280 pixels / Vertical: 32 to 1,024 lines (Default: 1,280 x 1,024) Adjustable Steps for size: 4 pixels in horizontal direction / 4 lines in vertical direction Adjustable Steps for offset: 2 pixels in horizontal direction / 2 lines in vertical direction	
Multi ROIs		N/A	
Gamma		Gamma Table = 0.1 to 4.0 (Default = 1.0)	
Binning (*1) (*2)		Horizontal 1/2 / Vertical 1/2, Off (Default: Off) *Pixels in the horizontal and vertical direction can be added to increase the brightness. Available on "Horizontal and Vertical"	
Decimation (Skipping) (*2) (*3)		Individual x2 Horizontal, x2 Vertical Decimation / Off	
Image Flip		Horizontal / Vertical / Horizontal and Vertical / Off	
Defective Pixel Correction		Up to 32 points	
Auto Image Control	Auto Exposure	Support	Support
	Auto Gain	Support	Support
	Auto White Balance	N/A	Support

Default: **Bold**

Model Number		STC-MBE132U3V	STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V-C
Operational Mode (*4)		Edge preset Trigger / Pulse width Trigger / Start Stop Trigger / Free run	
User Setting Storage		Support	
Communication		Through USB3.0 bus	
Interface		USB3.0 Super speed (USB3.0 micro B)	
Protocol		USB3 Vision® 1.0.1, GenICam Standard Version (SFNC 2.0, PFNC 2.0) compliant and Sentech's original protocol (on Standard SDK, Trigger SDK)	
Input / Output		Two inputs and two outputs	
Power	Input Voltage	+5V (typ.) (This conforms to USB standard)	
	Consumption (*5)	Less than 2.0 W	

Default: **Bold**

Precautions

- (*1) The horizontal and vertical binning setting are changed at same time.
- (*2) The horizontal and vertical decimation setting can be change individually.
- (*3) The binning and decimation function can be use simultaneously.
- (*4) Please do not apply the Trigger through maximum frame rate on Trigger Mode. When Trigger applies within sensor Readout as exposure end, camera interrupted Readout.
- (*5) The camera operates as USB3.0 standard even the camera connecting to a USB 2.0 port. Please careful about the power consumption of the camera when the camera connecting to USB2.0 port.

The guideline to perform the full frame rate with full resolution of camera

The data transfer speed on the USB bus is depending on the performance of USB host controller. The data transfer speed on the USB bus is very important to obtain full frame rate with full resolution. (60 fps @ 1.3M)

Renesas / Fresco Logic host controller improved the data transfer speed drastically in the second generation. However, the transferring speed of Intel chipset is 10 to 20% faster than these host controllers.

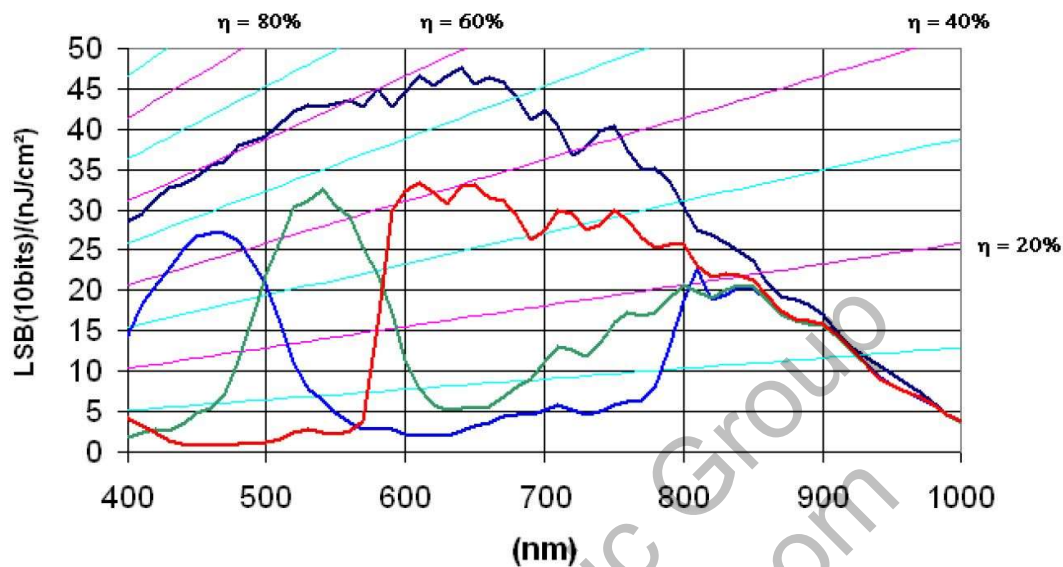
When using USB3.0 interface PCI Express board, please insert it to the PCI Express Gen2.0 (5.0[GT/s]) slot. If non-PCI Express Gen2.0 (5.0[GT/s]) is used, data transfer speed could decrease by about 50%.

If the frame rate is slow due to the performance of USB host controller, the frame rate of camera should adjust based on the performance of USB host controller. This may resolve to increase the frame rate.

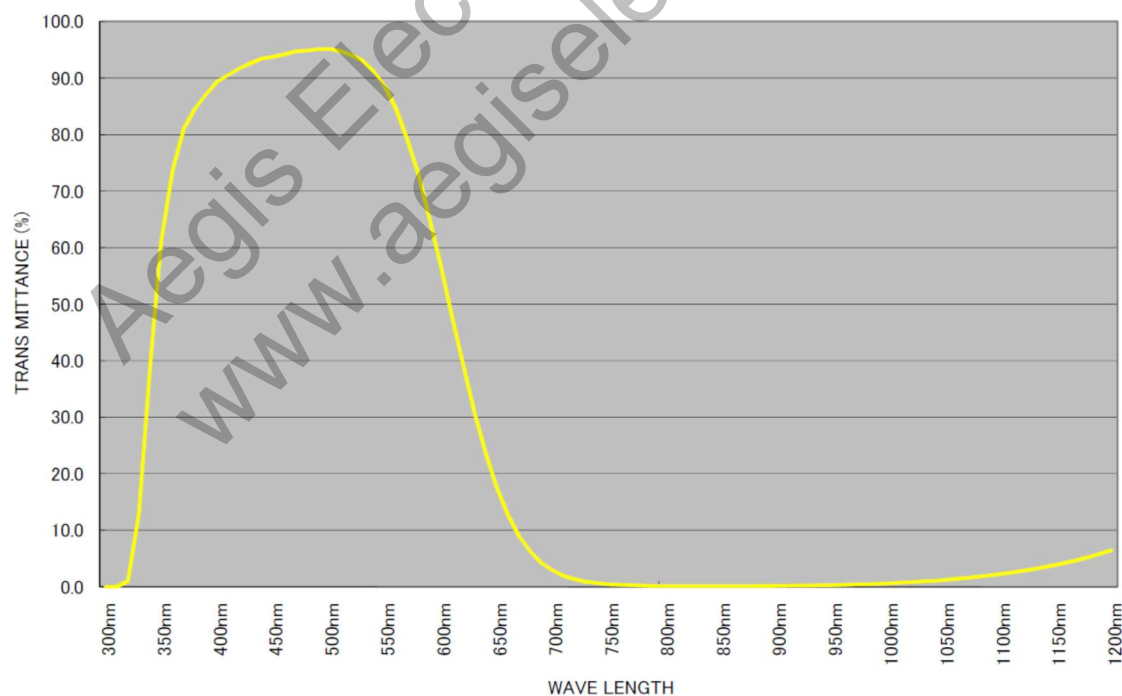
PC resources may have consumed during the image processing (color interpolation, image display, etc.) with huge image data from camera.

4.2 Spectral Sensitivity Characteristics

4.2.1 STC-MBE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V-C



4.2.2 IR Cut Filter (STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132u3V-C)



4.3 Mechanical Specifications

4.3.1 STC-MBE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V

Model Number	STC-MBE132U3V	STC-MCE132U3V
Dimensions	28 (W) x 28 (H) x 33.8 (D) mm (*1)	
Optical Filter	No IR Cut Filter	IR Cut Filter
Optical Center Accuracy	Positional accuracy in Horizontal and Vertical directions: +/- 0.3 mm Rotational accuracy of Horizontal and Vertical: +/- 1.5 deg.	
Material	Aluminum alloy (AC)	
Lens Mount	CS Mount	
Interface Connectors	USB Connector: USB3.0 micro B type I/O Connector: HR10A-7R-6PB (Hirose) or equivalent	
Camera Mounting	M2 screw holes (Three on top, bottom and both side plate) M4 screws holes (Two on top, four on bottom plate)	
Weight	Approximately 38 g	

(*1) Excluding connectors

4.3.2 STC-MCE132U3V-C

Model Number	STC-MCE132U3V-C	
Dimensions	28 (W) x 28 (H) x 38.8 (D) mm (*1)	
Optical Filter	No IR Cut Filter	IR Cut Filter
Optical Center Accuracy	Positional accuracy in Horizontal and Vertical directions: +/- 0.3 mm Rotational accuracy of Horizontal and Vertical: +/- 1.5 deg.	
Material	Aluminum alloy (AC)	
Lens Mount	C Mount	
Interface Connectors	USB Connector: USB3.0 micro B type I/O Connector: HR10A-7R-6PB (Hirose) or equivalent	
Camera Mounting	M2 screw holes (Three on top, bottom and both side plate) M4 screws holes (Two on top, four on bottom plate)	
Weight	Approximately 40 g	

(*1) Excluding connectors

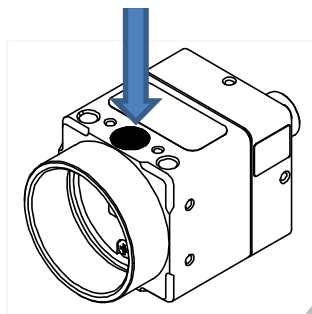
4.4 Environmental Specifications

Model Number		STC-MBE132U3V	STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V-C
Operational Temperature / Humidity	Minimum	Environmental Temperature: 0 deg. C, Environmental Humidity: 0 to 85 %RH (No condensation)	
	Maximum	Environmental Temperature: + 40 deg. C, or Camera housing temperature (top plate) shall not exceed +57 deg. C (*1), Environmental Humidity: 0 to 85 %RH (No condensation)	
Storage Temperature / Humidity		Environmental Temperature: -30 to +70 deg. C, Environmental Humidity: 0 to 85 %RH (No condensation)	
Vibration		20 Hz to 200 Hz to 20 Hz (5 min. / cycle), acceleration 10 G, XYZ 3 directions 30 min. each	
Shock		Acceleration 38 G, half amplitude 6 mseconds, 3 directions 3 times each	
Standard Compliancy		EMS: EN61000-6-2, EMI: EN55011	
RoHS		RoHS Compliant	

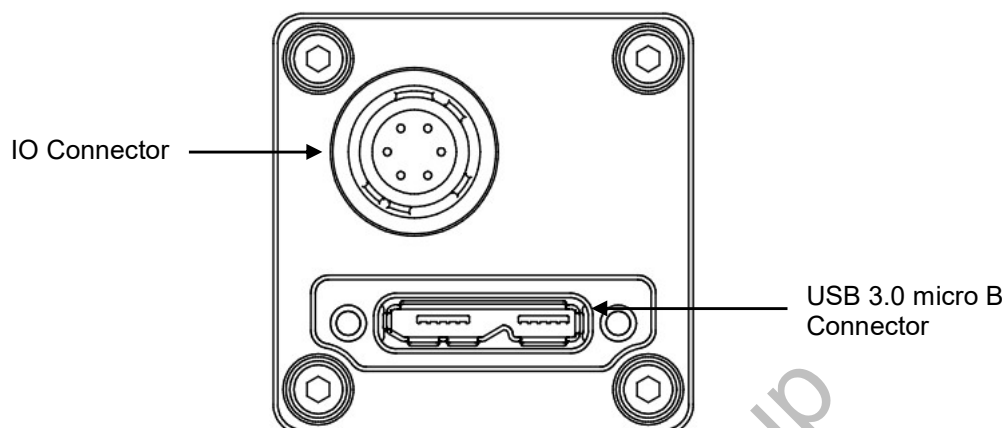
(*1) Please insure the camera is installed with the appropriate heat dissipation. If camera has a mounted lens and a tripod with an aluminum plate, this could decrease the camera housing temperature for heat dissipation.

Upper side of camera

Measuring point



4.5 Connector Specifications



4.5.1 USB 3.0 micro B

This connector is compatible with a USB 3.0 micro B connector.
Connector size includes screw lock size and complies with USB3 Vision 1.0.1.

Pin assignment

Pin No.	Signal Name	Description
1	VBUS	Power
2	D-	USB 2.0 differential pair (D-)
3	D+	USB 2.0 differential pair (D+)
4	USB OTG	USB OTG ID
5	GND	GND
6	SSTX-	SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (-)
7	SSTX+	SuperSpeed transmitter differential pair (+)
8	GND	GND
9	SSRX-	SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (-)
10	SSRX+	SuperSpeed receiver differential pair (+)



4.5.2 I/O Connector

HR10A-7R-6PB (Hirose) or equivalent

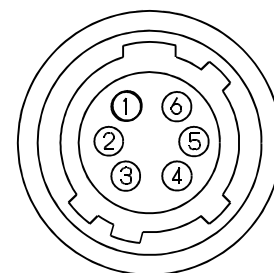
This connector is for input triggers and output signals.

Please use HR10A-7P-6S (Hirose) or equivalent connector for cable.

The Power Input (IO_Vcc) on pin number 6 is only for output circuits and it is not for the camera main power input. The camera main power is supplied through the USB 3.0 connector.

Pin Assignment

Pin No.	Signal Name	IN / OUT	Voltage	
			Low	High
1	GND (IO_GND)	-	0V	
2	Output 2 (IO3)	OUT	Smaller than 0.8 V	+3.3 to +24 V
3	Output 1 (IO2)	OUT	Smaller than 0.8 V	+3.3 to +24 V
4	Input 2 (IO1)	IN	Smaller than 0.7 V	+2.5 to +5 V
5	Input 1 (IO0)	IN	Smaller than 0.7 V	+2.5 to +5 V
6	Power Input (IO_VCC)	-	+3 to +24 Vdc	



4.5.3 Input Signals

Input Signals Electronic Characteristics

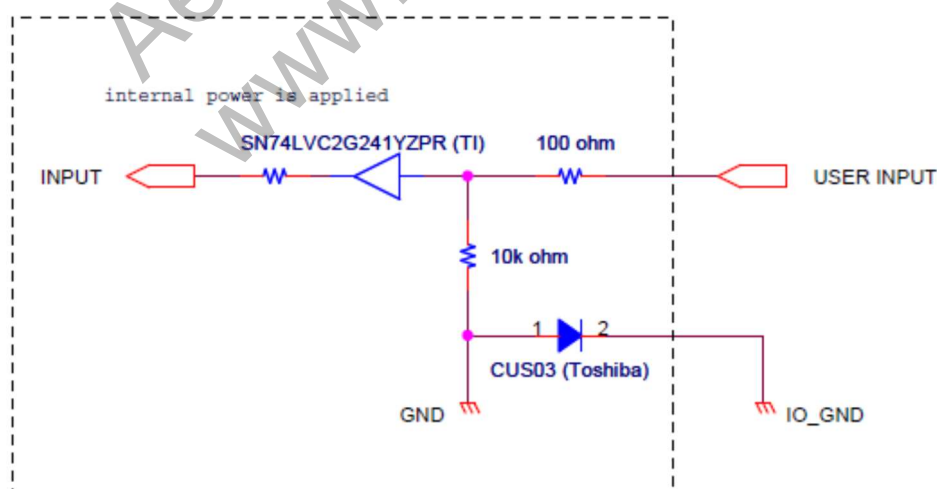
Input Signal / Input Voltage: 0 to +5 V

Input Signal / Voltage Level

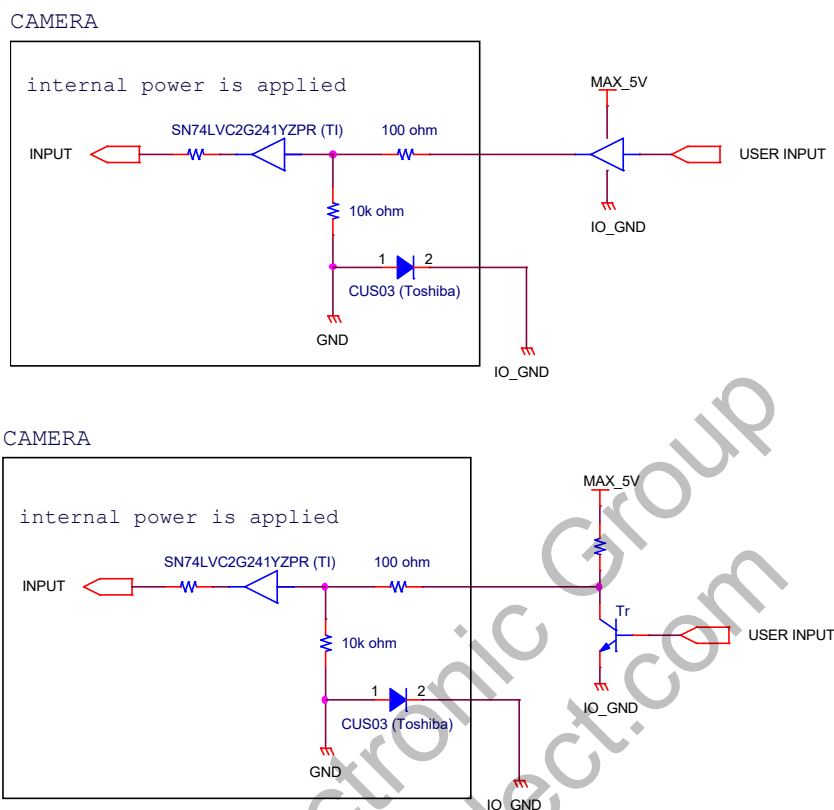
High Level: +2.5 V (min.)

Low Level: +0.7 V (max.)

Input Signal Circuit



Input Signal Circuit Examples



Caution!!

*The voltage applied on "input 1" or "input 2" must be less than or equal to 5 V, the absolute maximum input voltage.

4.5.4 Output Signals

Output Signal Electronic Characteristics

Output Signal / Voltage Level

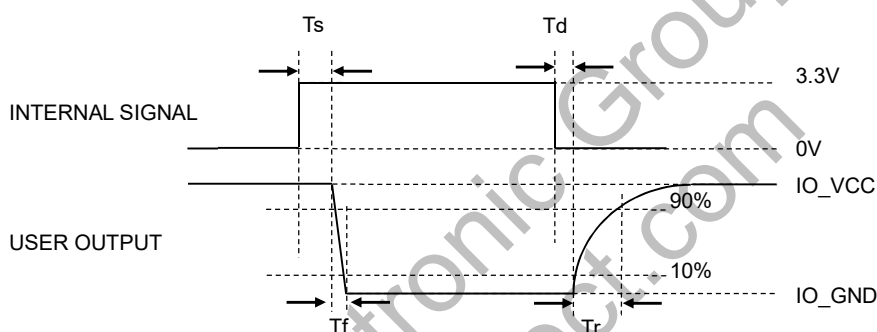
High Level: Power Input of the I/O Connector (+3.3 to +24 V)
Low Level: Smaller than +0.8 V

Output Signal / Pulse Width

Pulse width duration periods of some of the output signals are programmable. The following drawing and the table shows their delay time based on different Vcc voltages. Consider the delays when you design any systems with the output signals from the camera

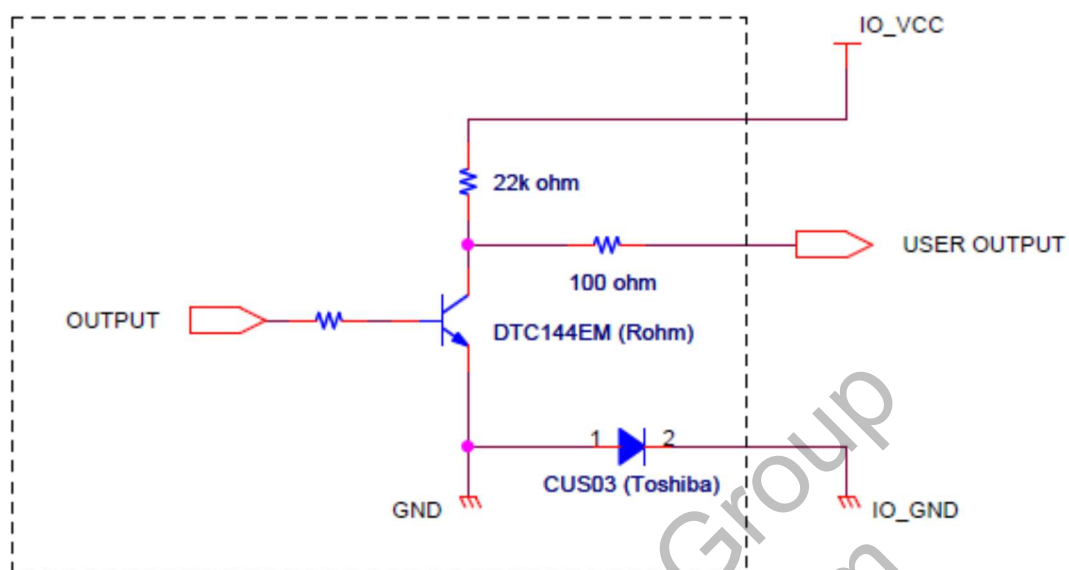
Output Signal / Response Timing

The response timing shown below is a reference value measured without an external resistance.

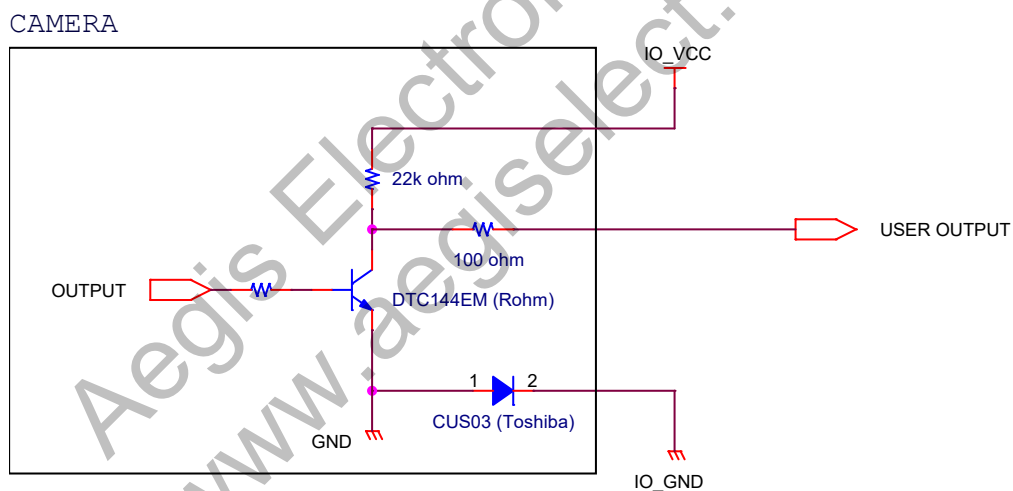


	IO_VCC			
	3.3 V	5.0 V	12 V	24 V
T_d	2.00 μ s	1.82 μ s	1.66 μ s	1.60 μ s
T_r	0.82 μ s	0.84 μ s	1.16 μ s	1.44 μ s
T_s	0.50 μ s	0.56 μ s	0.56 μ s	0.70 μ s
T_f	0.56 μ s	0.66 μ s	1.16 μ s	2.04 μ s

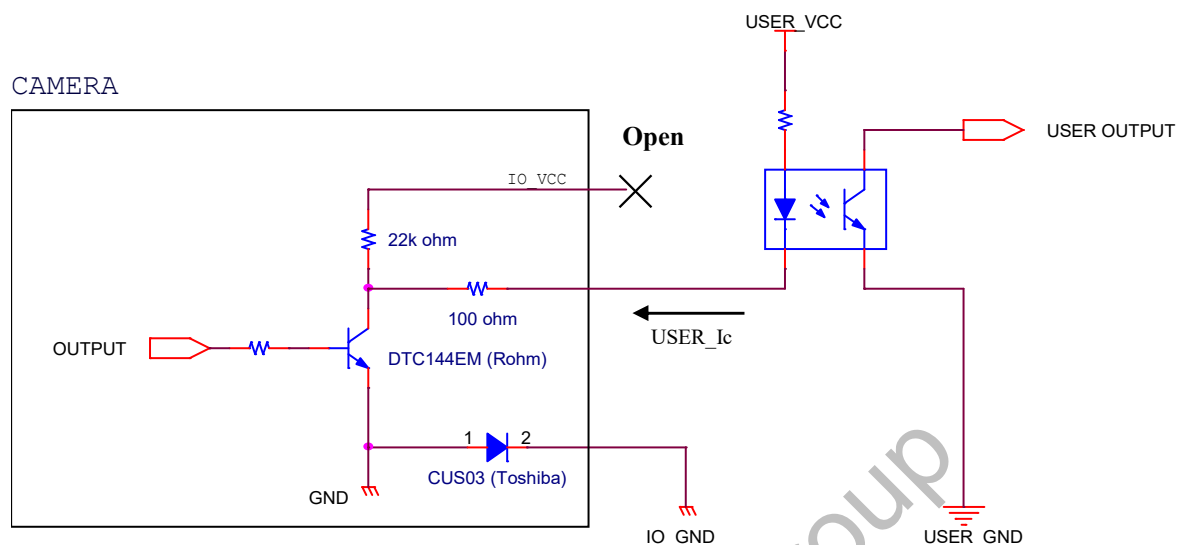
Output Signal Circuit



Output Signal Circuit Examples



*The voltage applied on "IO_VCC" must be within the range of +3.3 to +24 V.

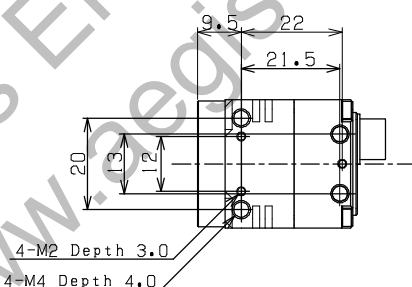


*When no voltage is applied on "IO_VCC", it can be used as an open collector output.

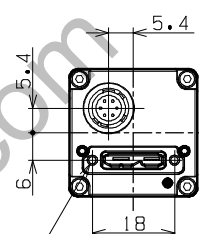
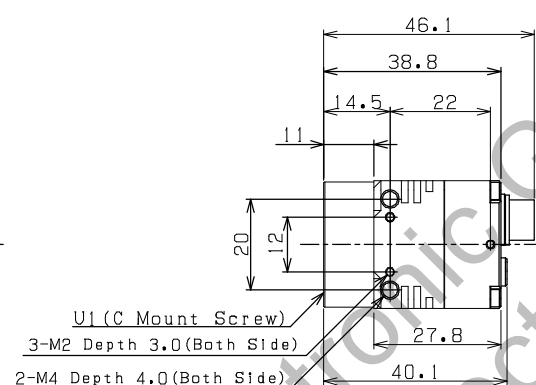
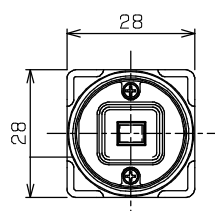
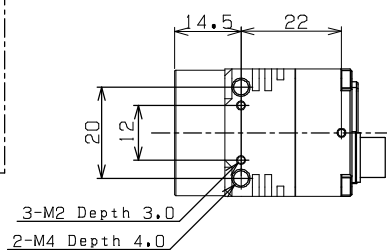
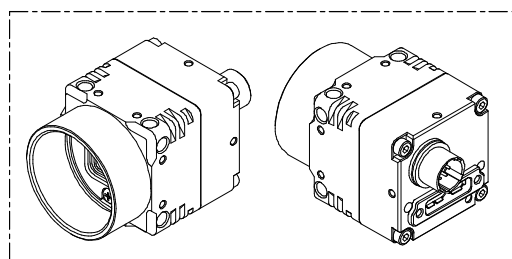
*The voltage applied on "IO2" and "IO3" (USER_VCC) must be less than or equal to 24 V.

*The incoming current to "IO2" and "IO3" (USER_VCC) must be less than or equal to 15 mA.

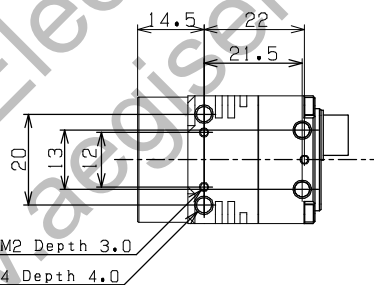
5.1 STC-MBE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V



5.2 STC-MCE132U3V-C



2-M2 (External thread less than 4mm)

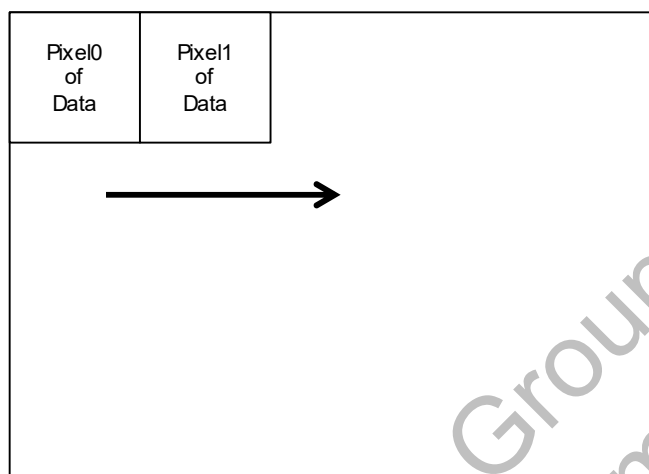


Unit: mm

6 Sensor Information

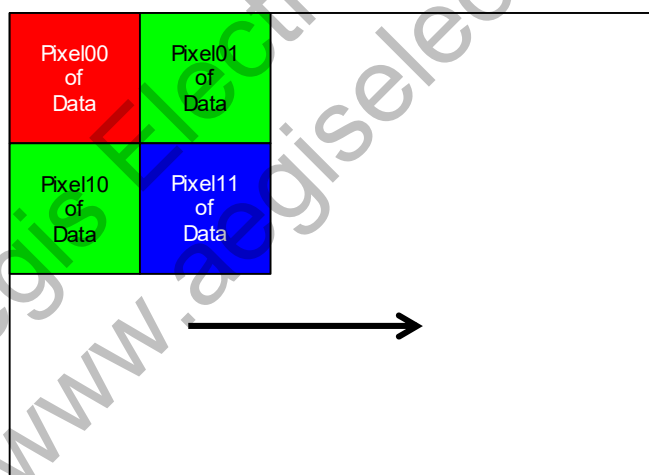
6.1 Pixel Transferring Image

STC-MBE132U3V (Monochrome)



Pixel (n) of Data: nth pixel being transferred

STC-MCE132U3V / STC-MCE132U3V-C (Color)



Pixel (m, n) of Data: nth pixel of the mth line being transferred

7 Image Acquisition and Camera Operational Modes (GenICam)

Please refer to another chapter for the method of switching Trigger.

GenICam Parameters

TriggerSelector	IEnumeration Type	Select Trigger function
TriggerMode	IEnumeration Type	Select ON / OFF which was selected function on TriggerSelector On: Trigger function ON, Off: Trigger function Off
TriggerSource	IEnumeration Type	Set Trigger Source which was selected function on TriggerSelector Software: Trigger control through TriggerSoftware command LineN: Trigger control through hardware trigger (N: Line number)
ExposureMode	IEnumeration Type	Select Exposure mode

Please refer to IO function for the (*) Line.

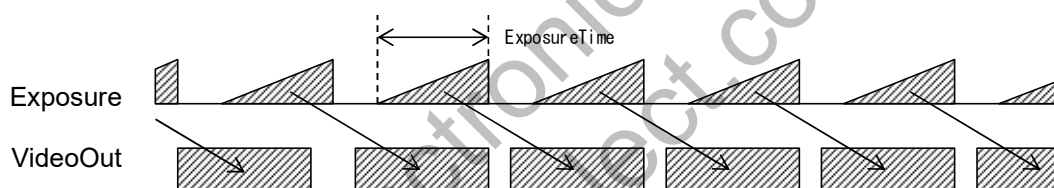
7.1 Free run

Free run mode outputs the camera video image continuously.

In order to run Free run Mode, all trigger functions must be set to OFF via the Trigger mode.

Exposure time determines Exposure Mode. When Exposure Mode is turned off, the frame exposure will complete.

When Exposure Mode is set to Timed, the Exposure Time value will be set as the exposure time.



(*) The camera is set to Free run mode as the default mode.

7.2 Trigger Mode

This trigger consists of Frame Start, Exposure Start and Exposure End.

1) Frame Start

This function has the capability to acquire an image from exposure through the trigger.

The Frame Start function can be enabled when "Frame Start" is selected on Trigger Selector and the Trigger mode is set to "On".

2) Exposure Start, Exposure End

This function has the capability to acquire an image from Exposure Start to Exposure End. Exposure Start trigger is pair of Exposure End.

Exposure Start and Exposure End are selectable on Trigger Selector. Exposure Start function and Exposure End function can be enable through each Trigger Mode On.

(*) Please do not apply the Trigger through maximum frame rate on Trigger Mode. When Trigger applies within sensor Readout as exposure end, camera interrupted Readout.

Aegis Electronic Group
www.aegiselect.com

7.2.1 Frame Start Trigger (Edge Preset)

The exposure synchronizes trigger signal.

The value on Exposure Time is actual exposure time.

When the polarity on Line Inverter is positive (false), the Exposure starts on the rising edge of trigger.

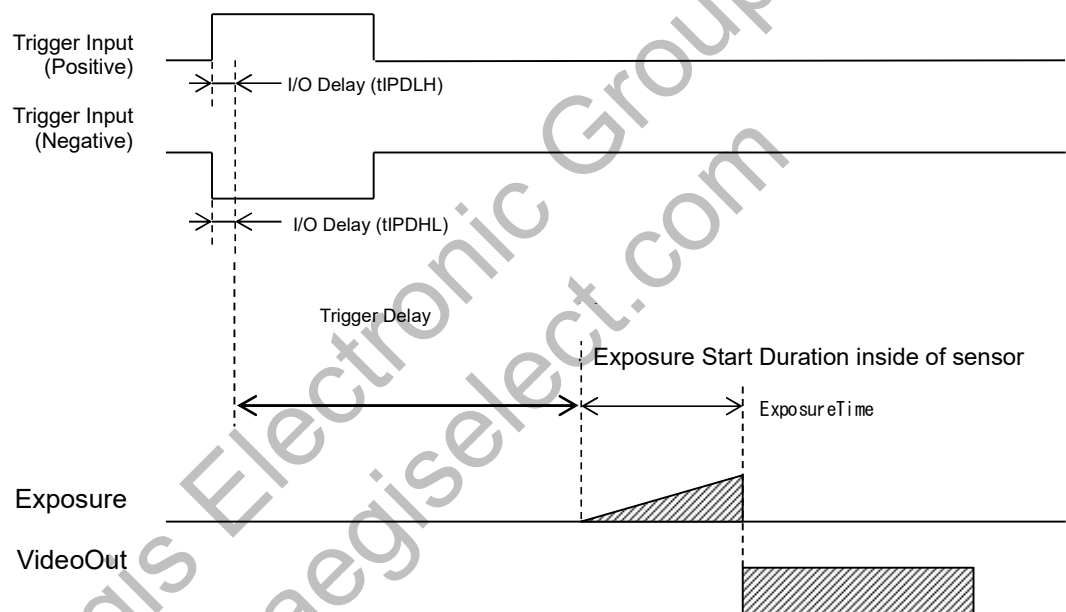
When the polarity on Line Inverter is negative (true), the Exposure starts on the falling edge of trigger.

To work the camera under this mode, as following setting have to be set.

- Exposure Mode: Timed
- Trigger Selector: Frame Start
- Trigger Mode: On

(*) On Trigger Mode except Frame Start should be set Off.

Timing



7.2.2 Frame Start Trigger (Pulse Width Trigger)

When operating in this mode, the exposure synchronizes the trigger signal.

The exposure time can be controlled by the pulse width of Frame Start trigger.

When the polarity on the Line Inverter is positive (false), the exposure can be controlled at a period of High level of input trigger signal.

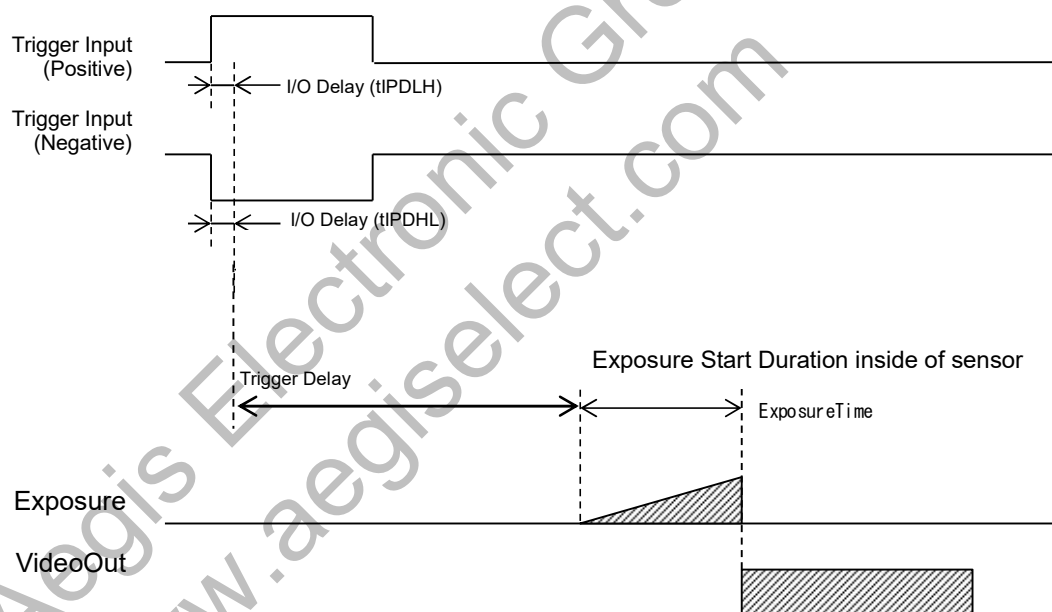
When the polarity on the Line Inverter is negative (true), the exposure can be controlled at a period of Low level of input trigger signal.

To operate the camera in this mode, the following settings have to be set.

- Exposure Mode: Trigger Width
- Trigger Selector: Frame Start
- Trigger Mode: On

(*) On Trigger Mode except Frame Start should be set Off.

Timing



7.2.3 Trigger Software

This function can apply either external signal or a software command as the trigger.

The software trigger can be applied through the "execute Trigger Software" command when the trigger is selected on the Trigger Selector.

8 IO Function

This chapter describes the IO functions.

In this chapter, the IO Port places as “Line”. The follow chart details the relationship of the Line and IO Port.

IO Port Pin No.	Signal Name	Line number
2	Output 2	Line3
3	Output 1	Line2
4	Input 2	Line1
5	Input 1	Line0

GenICam Parameters

LineSelector	IEnumeration Type	Select Line
LineMode	IEnumeration Type	Switch input / output direction for the Line that was selected at LineSelector. Input: set as input, Output: set as output
LineInverter	IBoolean Type	Switch polarity inversion ON / OFF for the Line that was selected at LineSelector. False: polarity inversion Off (Active-High), True: polarity inversion On (Active-Low)
LineStatus	IBoolean Type	Line status (High / Low)
LineSource	IEnumeration Type	Set function for the Line that was selected at LineSelector
UserOutputSelector	IEnumeration Type	Select UserOutput
UserOutputValue	IBoolean Type	Switch voltage level of UserOutput that was selected at UserOutputSelector False: Low voltage level, True: High voltage level

8.1 Input Port Function

This function sets the input on Line Mode, then assigns Line as the input.
The following functions can be assigned as input.

8.1.1 Trigger Input

When select “input” assign port at the Trigger Source, the input signal can be assigned as Trigger.

The input signal can be switched to Active-Low (Line Inverter: true) or Active-High (Line Inverter: false).

(*) When the Line polarity changing by Line Inverter, the active polarity of input trigger signal is changed.

8.1.2 Line Status

This function monitors the signal status on the input Line.

The High level (Line Status: true) or Low level (Line Status false) status can be seen through the software.

8.1.3 Trigger Delay

As mentioned in the previous chapter, “Image acquisition and Camera Mode”, each trigger can add to the duration of the input signal

This Trigger Delay can add to the duration per μ second.

GenICam Parameters

TriggerDelay	Integer Type	Trigger Delay Range: 0 to 262,143 μ seconds, Default: 0 μ second
--------------	--------------	---

8.2 Output Port Function

This function sets the Output to Line Mode, and then the Line is assigned as the output.
The following functions can be assigned when the IO port is used as the output signal port.

8.2.1 Line Source

The following list shows the configurable functions available through the Line Source.

The function that describes as “Enable” on “Changeable Polarity” is the configurable polarity on the Line Inverter (true, false).

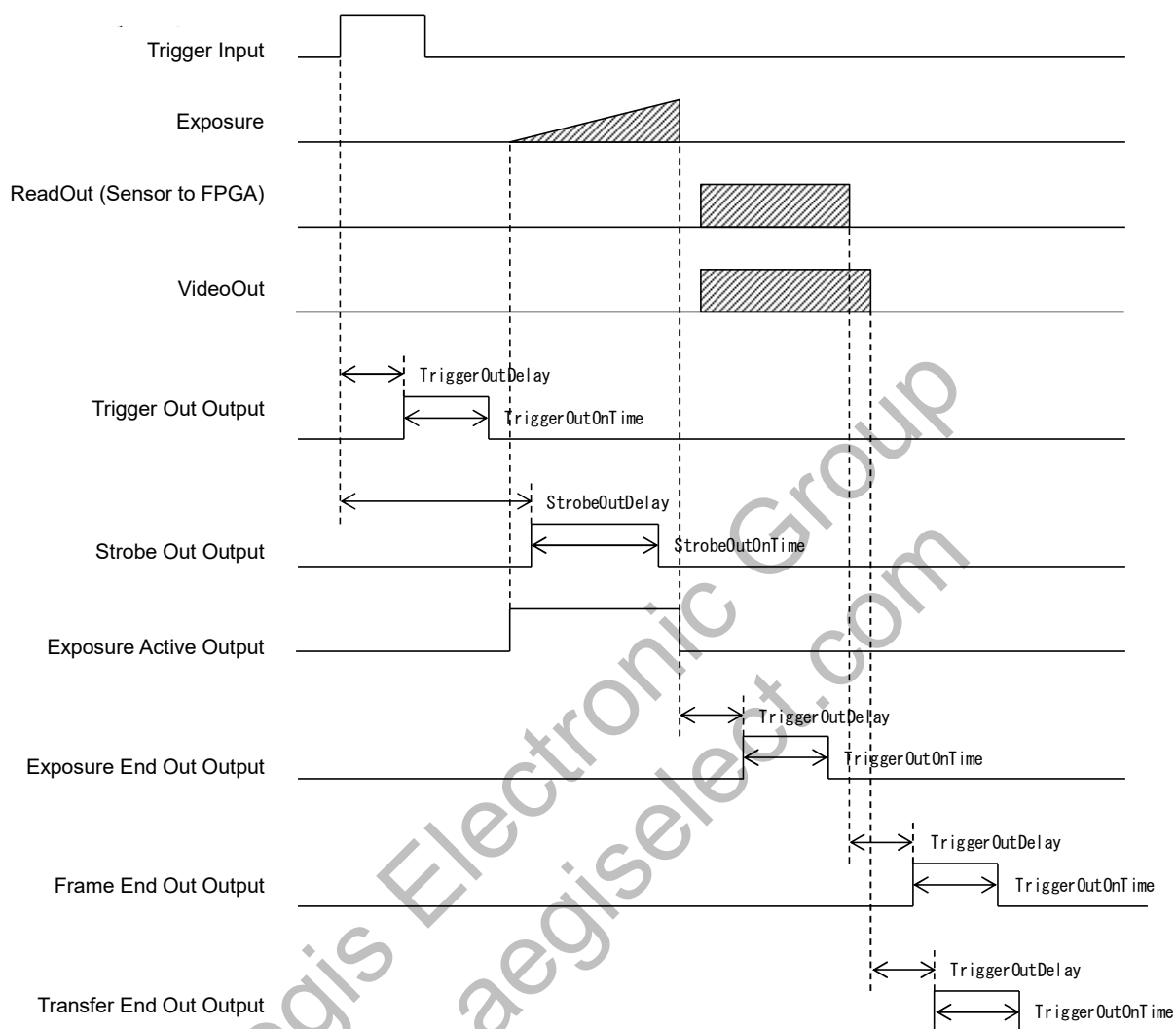
No.	Function Name	Changeable Polarity
1)	Off (Default)	-
2)	User Output	-
3)	Trigger Out	Enable
4)	Trigger Out (Through)	Enable
5)	Exposure End Out	Enable
6)	Frame End Out	Enable
7)	Transfer End Out	Enable
8)	Strobe Out	Enable
9)	Exposure Active	Enable

- 1) Off (Disable)
Disable the output signal.
- 2) User Output (General Output)
High or Low level signal that sets on the software is output.
- 3) Trigger Out
The trigger signal that added “Trigger Out Delay (Output pulse delay time)” and “Trigger Out On Time (Output pulse width)” is output.
- 4) Trigger Out (Through)
The trigger input signal is output. (with a slight internal delay)
- 5) Exposure End Out
“Trigger Out on Time (Output pulse width)” activation time signal with set “Trigger Out Delay (Output pulse delay time)” is output when the expose was finished.
- 6) Frame End Out (Sensor Readout End)
“Trigger Out on Time (Output pulse width)” activation time signal with set “Trigger Out Delay (Output pulse delay time)” is output when the sensor read out was finished.
- 7) Transfer End Out
“Trigger Out on Time (Output pulse width)” activation time signal with set “Trigger Out Delay (Output pulse delay time)” is output when one frame image transferring from camera was finished.

-
- 8) Strobe Out (Strobe Output)
“Strobe Out on Time (Output pulse width)” activation time signal with set “Strobe Out Delay (Strobe output delay time)” is output when the trigger signal is received.
- 9) Exposure Active (In Exposure Period)
The signal that activation time is exposure time is output.
(*) Actual exposure period = Output signal pulse width + Minimum exposure time 13.73 μ seconds

Aegis Electronic Group
www.aegiselect.com

Line Source Timing



(*) This timing chart does not include the delay of the IO circuit

(*) The trigger port in this chart describes Frame Start trigger as an example

8.2.2 User Output

High or low level signal that was configured on the software is output.

Setting Procedure

Selects Line N (N: any number from 0, 1 or 2)

- 1) Sets the User Output N (N is Line number) as Line Source
- 2) Selects User Output N (N is same as selected Line number on User Output) on User Output Selector
- 3) Sets the value (True: High level, False: Low level) on User Output Value

8.2.3 Line Status

Monitor the status on output port.

Monitor the output voltage level High (Line Status: true) or Low (Line Status: false) through the software.

8.2.4 Output signal duration setting and Pulse width setting

Some selectable functions can be modified in order to add to the duration or pulse width on Line Source.

The configurable parameters are shown in the chart below.

Please refer to Line Source for the applicable functions of Parameters.

GenICamParameters

TriggerOutDelay	Integer Type	Trigger Out Delay Time Range: 0 to 262,143 μ seconds, Default: 0 μ second
TriggerOutOnTime	Integer Type	Trigger Out On Time Range: 4 to 262,143 μ seconds, Default: 32 μ seconds
StrobeOutDelay	Integer Type	Strobe Out Delay Time Range: 0 to 262,143 μ seconds, Default: 30 μ seconds
StrobeOutOnTime	Integer Type	Strobe Out On Time Range: 4 to 262,143 μ seconds, Default: 32 μ seconds

9 Camera Functions

This chapter describes the camera functions.

9.1 ROI (Region of Interest)

This sets the ROI in order to output the selected area of image.

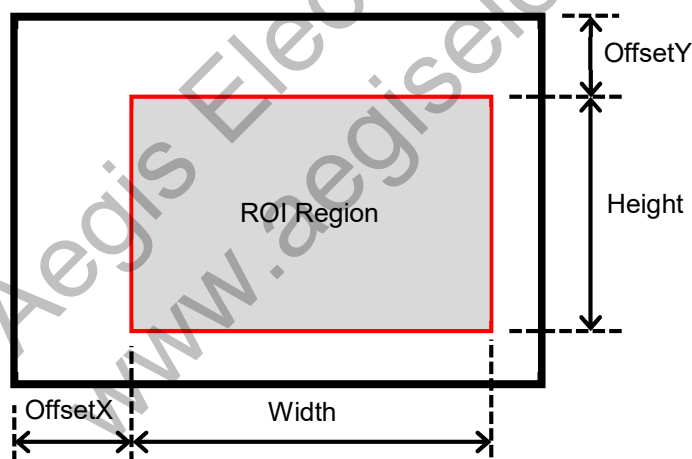
The frame rate increases when reducing the height of image. The frame rate does not change when reducing the width of image.

9.1.1 ROI (One Region)

GenICam Parameters

Width	Integer Type	Horizontal (Pixel) size Sets the width of image. "Width + OffsetX" should not exceed the maximum width.
Height	Integer Type	Vertical (Line) size Sets the height of image. "Height + OffsetY" should not exceed the maximum height.
OffsetX	Integer Type	Horizontal (Pixel) offset Default: 0 Setting steps: 2 pixels
OffsetY	Integer Type	Vertical (Line) offset Default: 0 Setting steps: 2 lines

The parameters define as following chart.



(*) Width, Height, OffsetX, OffsetY setting steps is the same in Binning and Decimation.

Width / Height setting range

		STC-MBE132U3V STC-MCE132U3V STC-MCE132U3V-C
Width	Setting range:	32 to 1,280 pixels
	Default:	1,280 pixels
	Setting steps	4 pixels unit
Height	Setting range:	32 to 1,024 pixels
	Default:	1,024 pixels
	Setting steps	4 lines

Aegis Electronic Group
www.aegiselect.com

9.2 Pixel Format

The image format from camera can be set on the Pixel Format.

GenICam Parameters

PixelFormat	IEnumeration Type	Pixel Format
-------------	-------------------	--------------

The following chart shows the available Pixel Formats on the camera:

Output Bit	Pixel Format	
	Monochrome Camera	Color Camera
8bits	Mono8	BayerRG8
10bits	Mono10	BayerRG10
RGB8bits	-	RGB8

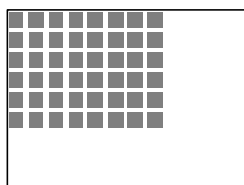
Each format specified on GenICam PFNC (Pixel Format Naming Convention).

9.3 Binning

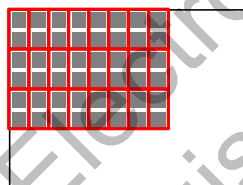
Binning is add and average beside pixels into one pixel.

The pixel data inside of red square add or average as one pixel.

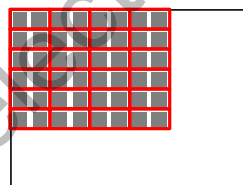
Binning X(Off), Y(Off)



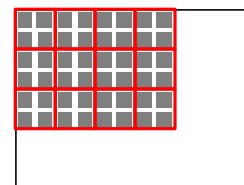
Binning X(Off), Y(On)



Binning X(On), Y(Off)



Binning X(On), Y(On)



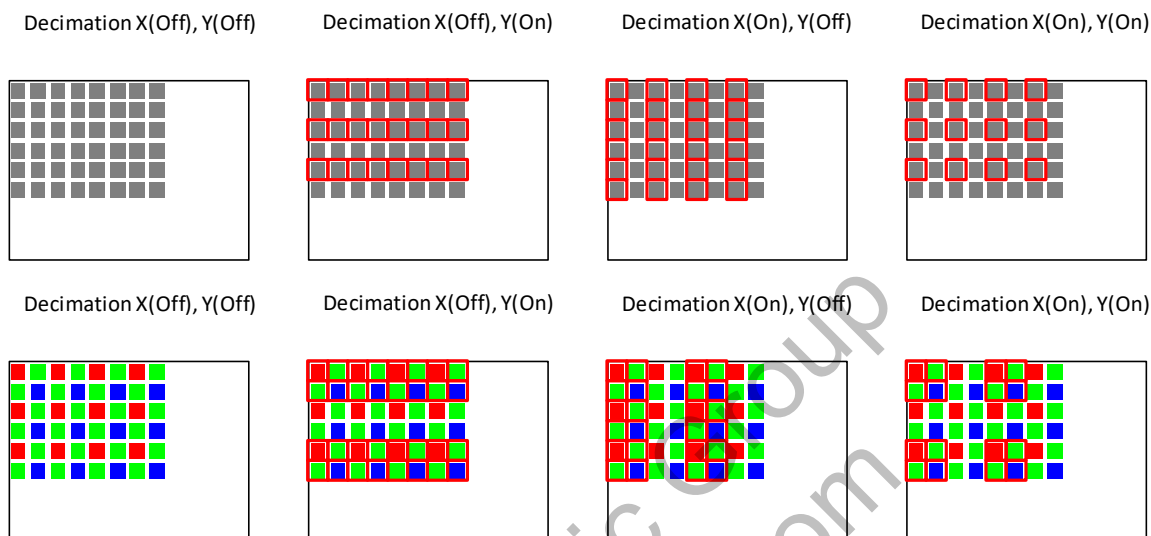
GenICamParameters

BinningHorizontal	Integer Type	Sets Binning on Horizontal direction 1: Disable Binning 2: Binning 2 Pixel
BinningVertical	Integer Type	Sets Binning on Vertical direction 1: Disable Binning 2: Binning 2 Pixel

(*) Binning and Decimation function cannot be use simultaneously.

9.4 Decimation

When using Decimation mode, the decimated image can be output.
The images below show decimated pixels (red squares) where they are output.



GenICam Parameters

DecimationHorizontal	Integer Type	Sets decimation on horizontal direction 1: Disable Decimation, 2: Decimate one of two pixels 4: Decimate three of four pixels
DecimationVertical	Integer Type	Sets decimation on vertical direction 1: Disable Decimation, 2: Decimate one of two pixels 4: Decimate three of four pixels

(*) Binning and Decimation function cannot be use simultaneously.

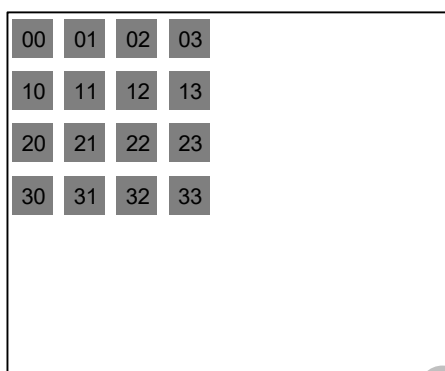
9.5 Image Flip

Flip the image through ReverseX and ReverseY.

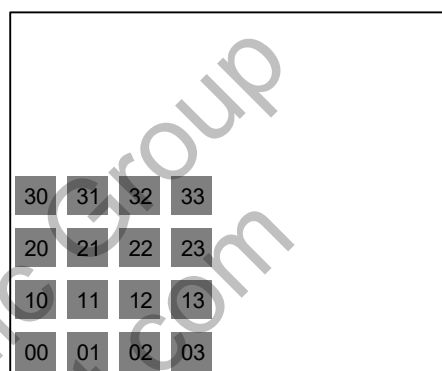
GenICam Parameters

ReverseX	IBoolean Type	Switch ON / OFF at Horizontal False: Horizontal Flip Off, True: Horizontal Flip On. Default: False
ReverseY	IBoolean Type	Switch ON / OFF at Vertical False: Vertical Flip Off, True: Vertical Flip On. Default: False

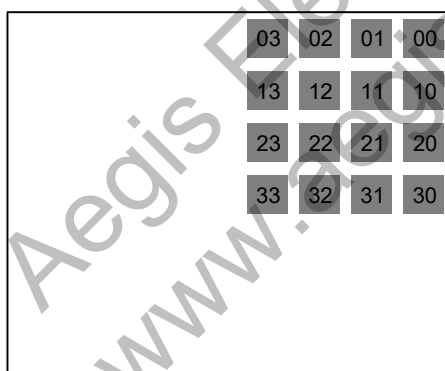
Reverse X(Off), Y(Off)



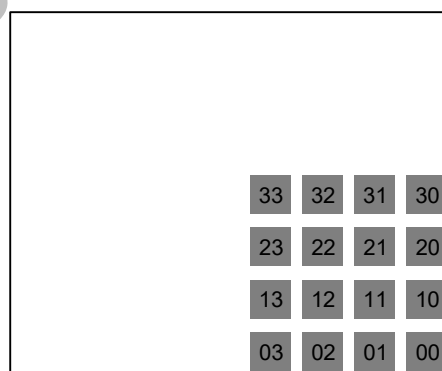
Reverse X(Off), Y(On)



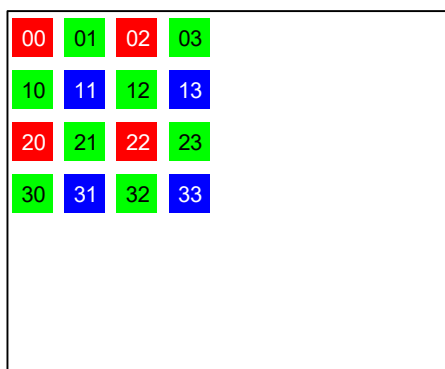
Reverse X(On), Y(Off)



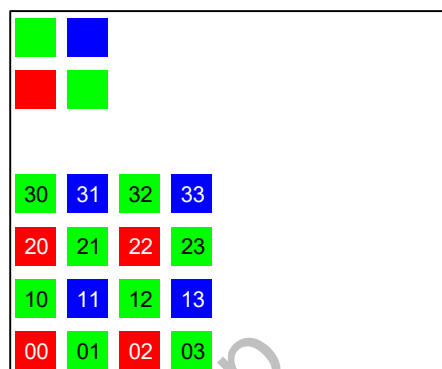
Reverse X(On), Y(On)



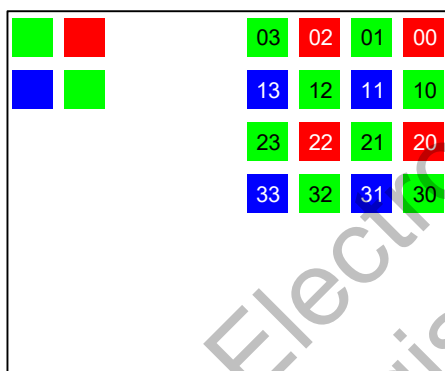
Reverse X(Off), Y(Off)



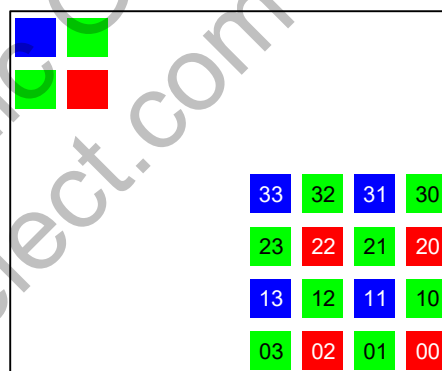
Reverse X(Off), Y(On)



Reverse X(On), Y(Off)



Reverse X(On), Y(On)



(*) When the image is flipping for color camera, the pixel array is also flipped.

9.6 Gain

The gain has Analog Gain, Digital Gain and White Balance Gain.

(*) When increasing the gain level may increase the noise level.

Please check the image on the actual environment when adjusting brightness of image.

9.6.1 Analog Gain

This parameter sets the analog gain.

Selects "Analog ALL" at "Gain Selector", sets gain at "Gain[Gain Selector]".

GenICam Parameters

Gain[Analog All]	IFloat Type	Analog Gain Range: 0 to 127, Default: 0
------------------	-------------	--

Analog Gain Formula

Gain (x times) = $2^{(\text{Gain}[\text{Analog All}][6])} (1 + \text{Gain}[\text{Analog All}][5:0] / 64)$

9.6.2 Digital Gain

This parameter sets the digital gain.

Selects "Digital ALL" at "Gain Selector", sets gain at "Gain[Gain Selector]".

GenICam Parameters

Gain[Digital All]	IFloat Type	Digital Gain Range: 0 to 255, Default: 0
-------------------	-------------	---

Digital Gain Formula

Gain (x times) = $\text{Gain}[\text{Digital All}] / 64$

9.6.3 White Balance Gain (Only available for the color model)

This parameter sets the Bayer pattern color gain.

Sets gain at "Balance Ratio" for selected color at "Balance Ratio Selector".

GenICam Parameters

BalanceRatio[BalanceRatioSelector]	IFloat Type	White Balance Gain Range: 0 to 511, Default: Red: 248, Green: 128, Blue: 248
------------------------------------	-------------	--

White Balance Gain Formula

Gain (x times) = $\text{BalanceRatio}[\text{BalanceRatioSelector}] / 128$

9.7 Black Level

This parameter sets the black level (the clamp level for the black signal).

Sets the black level at "BlackLevel[Black Level Selector]".

The lower limit of the signal is clamped at this setting level. The signal does not lower than this.

(*) "Analog All" is only selectable at "Black Level Selector".

GenICam Parameters

BlackLevel[Black Level Selector]	IFloat Type	Black Level, Default: 168 (on 8bits output) Range: 0 to 255
----------------------------------	-------------	--

9.8 ALC (Auto Light Control)

ALC has AGC (Auto Gain Control) and auto exposure function. It can be set individually.

The camera parameters adjust automatically based on current brightness of image, to achieve the target brightness with ALC function.

GenICam Parameters (for AGC and Auto Exposure)

AutoLightTarget	Integer Type	Target Brightness Range: 0 to 255, Default: 127
-----------------	--------------	--

Target Brightness Formula (Auto Light Target)

8bits output: Target Brightness (Gradient) = Auto Light Target

10bits output: Target Brightness (Gradient) = Auto Light Target × 4

9.8.1 ALC Control Method

The brightness of image adjusts to achieve "Auto Light Target" brightness with AGC and auto exposure function. When AGC and auto exposure are enabled, at first, the brightness adjusts with auto exposure function. If the brightness does not achieve "Auto Light Target" brightness with auto exposure function, the brightness adjusts with the AGC function.

9.8.2 AGC (Auto Gain Control)

The gain adjusts automatically to achieve the target brightness.

When the current brightness of image was darker than target brightness, increases the gain up to "Gain Auto Limit Max".

When the current brightness of image was brighter than target brightness, decrease the gain down to "Gain Auto Limit Min".

GenICam Parameters

GainAuto	IEnumeration Type	Switch ON / OFF for AGC Continuous: AGC On, Off: AGC Off. Default: Off
GainAutoLimitMax	IFloat Type	Sets the maximum gain for AGC Range: 0 to 127, Default: 127 This value sets as maximum gain for AGC.
GainAutoLimitMin	IFloat Type	Sets the minimum gain for AGC Range: 0 to 127, Default: 0 This value sets as minimum gain for AGC.

9.8.3 Auto Exposure

The exposure time adjusts automatically to achieve the target brightness.

When the current brightness of image was darker than target brightness, extend exposure time up to "Exposure Auto Limit Max".

When the current brightness of image was brighter than target brightness, reduce exposure time down to "Exposure Auto Limit Min".

GenICamParameters

ExposureAuto	IEnumeration Type	Switch ON / OFF for Auto Exposure Continuous: Auto Exposure On, Off: Auto Exposure Off. Default: Off
ExposureAutoLimitMax	IFloat Type	Sets the maximum exposure time in μ second unit Range: Same as Exposure Time Range for each PixelFormat
ExposureAutoLimitMin	IFloat Type	Sets the minimum exposure time in μ second unit Range: Same as Exposure Time Range for each PixelFormat

9.8.4 The setting procedure of ALC

Please follow setting procedure shown below.

Setting Procedure

1. Sets "Timed" at "Exposure Mode" (When using Auto Exposure)
2. Sets "Continuous" at "Exposure Auto" (When using Auto Exposure)
3. Sets "Exposure Auto Limit Max" (When using Auto Exposure)
4. Sets "Exposure Auto Limit Min" (When using Auto Exposure)
5. Sets "Continuous" at "Gain Auto" (When using AGC)
6. Sets "Gain Auto Limit Max" (When using AGC)
7. Sets "Gain Auto Limit Min" (When using AGC)

9.9 White Balance (Only available for the color model)

The color compensates by the gain adjustment for each individual color.
The gain for each color has to adjust to same brightness with the flat white target.
The white balance control methods are the listed in the below:

- Disable
- Manual (Off)
- Auto White Balance (Continuous)
- Push to set white balance (Once)

9.9.1 White balance control methods

GenICam Parameters

BalanceWhiteAuto	IEnumeration Type	White balance control method selection. Default: Off (Manual)
BalanceRatioSelector	IEnumeration Type	White balance control target color selection.
BalanceRatio	IFloat Type	Color gain setting for selected color selects at "BalanceRatioSelector".

9.9.2 Disable

Disabled white balance gain and each color gain set as x1.

Setting Procedure

1. Sets "Disable" at "Balance White Auto"

9.9.3 Manual (Off)

The optimized Balance Ratio (Red, Green or Blue) for the white balance.

Setting Procedure

1. Sets "Red" (when Red gain set) at "Balance White Selector"
2. Sets value at "Balance Ratio"
3. Sets "Green" at "Balance White Selector"
4. Sets value at "Balance Ratio"
5. Sets "Blue" (when Blue gain set) at "Balance White Selector"
6. Sets value at "Balance Ratio"
7. Sets "Off" at "Balance White Auto"

9.9.4 Auto White Balance (Continuous)

Optimizes white balance gain each frame automatically.

Setting Procedure

1. Sets "Continuous" at "Balance White Auto"

9.9.5 Push to Set White Balance (Once)

The white balance gain adjusts once after selecting this white balance method. Then each gain set to "Balance White (Red, Green and Blue)".

Sets "Off" at "Balance White Auto" automatically after set "White Balance Gain".

Setting Procedure

1. Sets the flat white target (To process white balance correctly)
2. Sets Once on Balance White Auto

Aegis Electronic Group
www.aegiselect.com

9.10 Gamma Table

The linearity of gradient of image can be correct by the gamma table on the camera.

GenICam Parameters

Gamma	IFloat Type	Gamma Range: 0.1 to 4.0, Default: 1.0, Step: 0.1
-------	-------------	---

Gamma Formula

For 12bits image

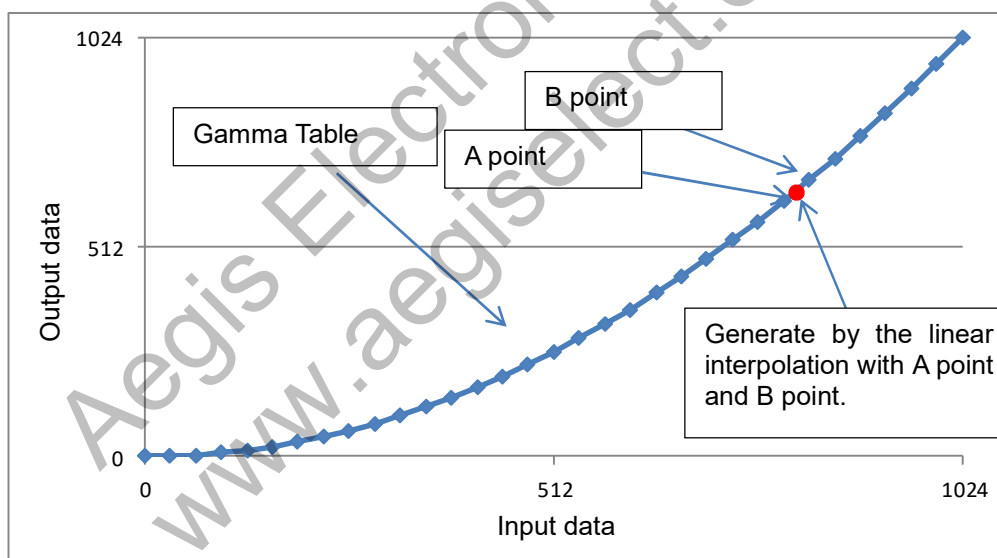
$$\text{Output data} = 1,024 \times \left(\frac{\text{Input data}}{1,024} \right)^{\gamma}$$

For 10bits image

$$\text{Output data} = 256 \times \left(\frac{\text{Input data}}{256} \right)^{\gamma}$$

The input signal divides into 32 equal part and have 33 points of gamma table.
The between the points is generates by the linear interpolation.

For 10bits image (Gamma = 2.0)



9.11 Save and load the camera settings

The camera has the camera setting save function, the camera setting including factory default loads function. The camera has below two camera settings.

Default: The factory default settings (This setting cannot change)
User Set X: Over writeable camera settings (X: 0 to 7)

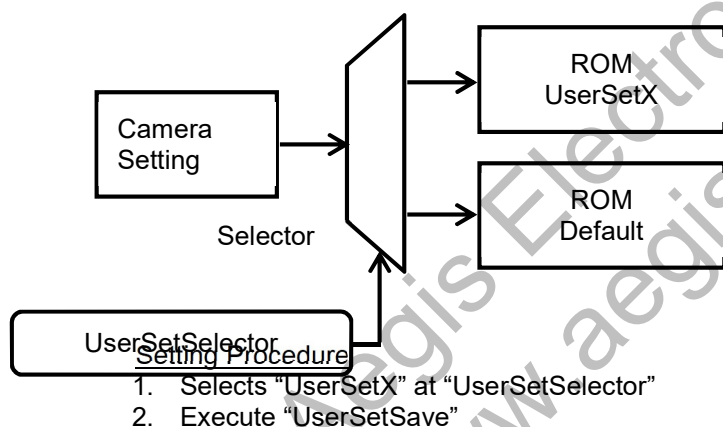
These camera settings load from ROM to the register in the RAM on the camera and camera settings save to ROM. The camera settings saving and loading is controllable with Parameters (User Set Selector, User Set Default), and commands (UserSetLoad, UserSetSave) in UserSetControl category of GenICam.

The details of the parameters and the functions are in the table below:

GenICam Parameters

UserSetSelector	IEnumeration Type	Select "Default" or "UserSetX" UserSetLoad or UserSetSave process for the selected settings.
UserSetLoad	ICommand Type	The camera settings load from ROM to the register in RAM.
UserSetSave	ICommand Type	The camera settings at the register in RAM save to ROM.
UserSetDefault	IEnumeration Type	Select which settings ("Default or UserSet X) load automatically when the camera power is on. This selection saves automatically.

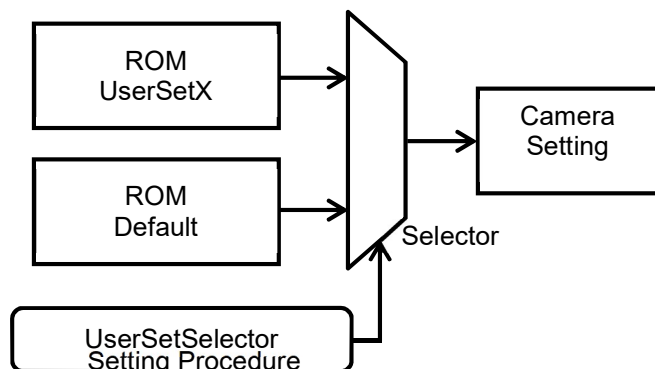
9.11.1 Saving the Camera Settings



When UserSetSave is executing, the camera settings at the register in RAM are saved to the ROM that is selected at UserSetSelector.

Caution:
UserSetSave cannot execute when "Default" was selected at "UserSet Selector"

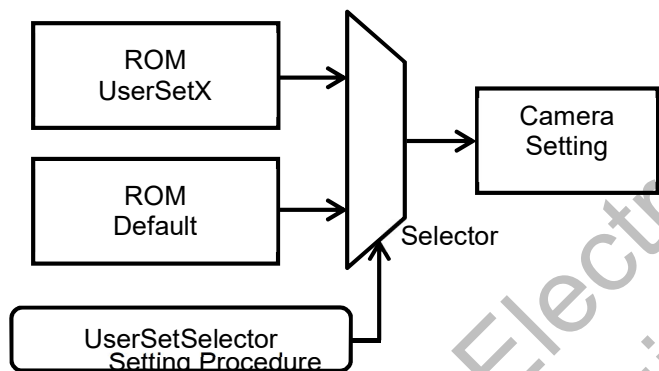
9.11.2 Loading Camera Settings



When UserSetLoad is executing, the camera settings load from the selected ROM that was selected at "UserSetSelector" to the register at RAM.

1. Select "UserSetX" (or Default) at "UserSetSelector"
2. Execute "UserSetLoad"

9.11.3 Loading Camera Settings when the Camera Power is on



When the camera power is on, the camera settings load from the selected ROM that was selected at "UserSetDefault" to the register at RAM.

1. Set "UserSetX" or "Default" at "UserSetDefault"

9.11.4 Camera Settings Initialization

Please follow the below procedure for the camera settings put back to the factory default settings.

Setting Procedure

1. **Selects "Default" at "UserSetSelector".**
2. **Executes "UserSetLoad".**

9.12 Pixel Defect Correction

The defected pixel corrects with horizontally beside pixel information.
In the color camera, using same color of horizontally beside same pixel.
When consecutive defect pixels are selected, corrects up to 2 pixels.

GenICamParameters

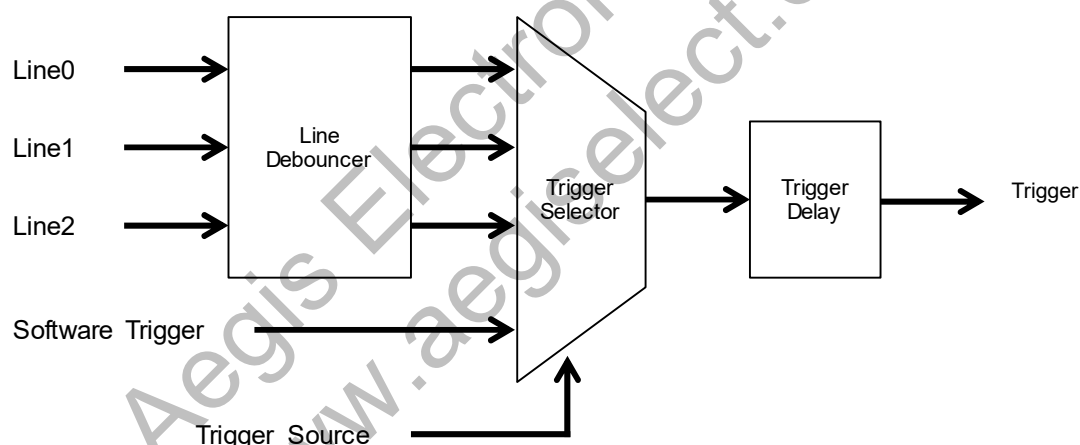
PixelCorrectionAllEnabled	IBoolean Type	Switch ON / OFF for Pixel Defect Correction True: On, False: Off
PixelCorrectionIndex	Integer Type	Pixel Correction Index
PixelCorrectionX	Integer Type	Defect position on X coordinate for Index was selected at "PixelCorrectionIndex"
PixelCorrectionY	Integer Type	Defect position on Y coordinate for Index was selected at "PixelCorrectionIndex"
PixelCorrectionEnabled	IBoolean Type	Switch ON / OFF for pixel defect correction for Index was selected at "PixelCorrectionIndex" True: On, False: Off

9.13 Trigger

The description of trigger type and characteristic, please refer to the chapter "Image acquisition and Camera Mode".

9.13.1 Trigger Signal Process

When the external hardware or software signal is input to the camera, the following process are proceeding.



9.14 Device User ID

Device User ID provides the user access to the writable memory area.
Up to 64 bytes data can be stored (The data still remains, even the camera power is off)
When the data is less than 64 bytes, please add 0x00 at the end of data.

9.15 Event Control (Only available with USB3 Vision protocol)

The camera can be send notification of event inside of the camera to host controller.

GenICamParameters

EventSelector	IEnumeration Type	Select Event Function
EventNotification	IEnumeration Type	Switch ON / OFF for Event function that was selected at "EventSelector". On: Event function On, Off: Event function Off

9.15.1 The way to use Event

Please select the available event at "EventSelector" then select "On" at "EventNotification" then the event function is enabled.

9.15.2 Event Function

The event functions on the camera are as follows.

- 1) Event Exposure End
Send notification as event when expose finishes in the camera.
Event ID is 0x9001.

(*) The event occurrence frequently, the stream data transferring rate could be reduced because Event and Stream (image data) share USB bus.

9.16 GenICam Command list

9.16.1 DeviceControl

Name	Description
DeviceType	Returns the device type.
DeviceScanType	Scan type of the sensor of the device.
DeviceVendorName	Name of the manufacturer of the device.
DeviceModelName	Model of the device.
DeviceFamilyName	Identifier of the product family of the device.
DeviceManufacturerInfo	Manufacturer information about the device.
DeviceVersion	Version of the device.
DeviceFirmwareVersion	Version of the firmware in the device.
DeviceSerialNumber	Device's serial number. This string is a unique identifier of the device.
DeviceUserID	User-programmable device identifier.
DeviceSFNCVersionMajor	Major version of the Standard Features Naming Convention that was used to create the device's GenICam XML.
DeviceSFNCVersionMinor	Minor version of the Standard Features Naming Convention that was used to create the device's GenICam XML.
DeviceSFNCVersionSubMinor	Sub minor version of Standard Features Naming Convention that was used to create the device's GenICam XML.
DeviceManifestEntrySelector	Selects the manifest entry to reference.
DeviceManifestXMLMajorVersion	Indicates the major version number of the GenICam XML file of the selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestXMLMinorVersion	Indicates the minor version number of the GenICam XML file of the selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestXMLSubMinorVersion	Indicates the sub minor version number of the GenICam XML file of the selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestSchemaMajorVersion	Indicates the major version number of the schema file of the selected manifest entry.
DeviceManifestSchemaMinorVersion	Indicates the minor version number of the schema file of the selected manifest entry.
DeviceTLType	Transport Layer type of the device.
DeviceTLVersionMajor	Major version of the Transport Layer of the device.
DeviceTLVersionMinor	Minor version of the Transport Layer of the device.
DeviceTLVersionSubMinor	Sub minor version of the Transport Layer of the device.
DeviceGenCPVersionMajor	Major version of the GenCP protocol supported by the device.
DeviceGenCPVersionMinor	Minor version of the GenCP protocol supported by the device.
DeviceMaxThroughput	Maximum bandwidth of the data that can be streamed out of the device. This can be used to estimate if the connection can sustain transfer of free-running images from the camera at its maximum speed.
DeviceLinkSelector	Selects which Link of the device to control.
DeviceLinkThroughputLimitMode	Controls if the DeviceLinkThroughputLimit is active. When disabled, lower level TL specific features are expected to control the throughput. When enabled, DeviceLinkThroughputLimit controls the overall throughput.
DeviceLinkThroughputLimit	Limits the maximum bandwidth of the data that will be streamed out by the device on the selected Link. If necessary, delays will be uniformly inserted between transport layer packets in order to control the peak bandwidth.
DeviceLinkCommandTimeout	Indicates the command timeout of the specified Link. This corresponds to the maximum response time of the device for a command sent on that link.
DeviceCharacterSet	Character set used by the strings of the device's bootstrap registers.
DeviceReset	Resets the device to its power up state.
DeviceRegistersStreamingStart	Prepare the device for registers streaming without checking for consistency.
DeviceRegistersStreamingEnd	Announce the end of registers streaming. This will do a register set validation for consistency and activate it.
TimestampLatch	Latches the current timestamp counter into TimestampLatchValue.
TimestampLatchValue	Returns the latched value of the timestamp counter.

9.16.2 ImageFormatControl

Name	Description
SensorWidth	Effective width of the sensor in pixels.
SensorHeight	Effective height of the sensor in pixels.
SensorShutterMode	Sets the shutter mode of the device.
WidthMax	Maximum width of the image (in pixels). The dimension is calculated after horizontal binning, decimation or any other function changing the horizontal dimension of the image.
HeightMax	Maximum height of the image (in pixels). This dimension is calculated after vertical binning, decimation or any other function changing the vertical dimension of the image.
BinningSelector	Selects which binning engine is controlled by the BinningHorizontal and BinningVertical features.
BinningHorizontalMode	Sets the mode to use to combine horizontal photo-sensitive cells together when BinningHorizontal is used.
BinningHorizontal	Number of horizontal photo-sensitive cells to combine together. This increases the intensity (or signal to noise ratio) of the pixels and reduces the horizontal resolution (width) of the image.
BinningVerticalMode	Sets the mode used to combine vertical photo-sensitive cells together when BinningVertical is used.
BinningVertical	Number of vertical photo-sensitive cells to combine together. This increases the intensity (or signal to noise ratio) of the pixels and reduces the vertical resolution (height) of the image.
DecimationHorizontal	Horizontal sub-sampling of the image. This reduces the horizontal resolution (width) of the image by the specified horizontal decimation factor.
DecimationVertical	Vertical sub-sampling of the image. This reduces the vertical resolution (height) of the image by the specified vertical decimation factor.
RegionSelector	Selects the Region of interest to control. The RegionSelector feature allows devices that are able to extract multiple regions out of an image, to configure the features of those individual regions independently.
ImageComponentSelector	Selects a component to activate data streaming from.
ImageComponentEnable	Controls if the selected component streaming is active.
Width	Width of the image provided by the device (in pixels).
Height	Height of the image provided by the device (in pixels).
OffsetX	Horizontal offset from the origin to the region of interest (in pixels).
OffsetY	Vertical offset from the origin to the region of interest (in pixels).
PixelFormat	Format of the pixels provided by the device. It represents all the information provided by PixelCoding, PixelSize, PixelColorFilter combined in a single feature.
PixelFormatInfoSelector	Select the pixel format for which the information will be returned.
PixelFormatInfoID	Returns the value used by the streaming channels to identify the selected pixel format.
PixelSize	Total size in bits of a pixel of the image.
PixelColorFilter	Type of color filter that is applied to the image.
ReverseX	This feature is used to flip horizontally the image sent by the device. The AOI is applied after the flipping.
ReverseY	This feature is used to flip vertically the image sent by the device. The AOI is applied after the flipping.

9.16.3 AcquisitionControl

Name	Description
AcquisitionMode	Sets the acquisition mode of the device. It defines mainly the number of frames to capture during an acquisition and the way the acquisition stops.
AcquisitionStart	Starts the Acquisition of the device. The number of frames captured is specified by AcquisitionMode.
AcquisitionStop	Stops the Acquisition of the device at the end of the current Frame. It is mainly used when AcquisitionMode is Continuous but can be used in any acquisition mode.
AcquisitionArm	Arms the device before an AcquisitionStart command. This optional command validates all the current features for consistency and prepares the device for a fast start of the Acquisition.
AcquisitionFrameRate	Controls the acquisition rate (in Hertz) at which the frames are captured.
TriggerSelector	Selects the type of trigger to configure.
TriggerMode	Controls if the selected trigger is active.
TriggerSoftware	Generates an internal trigger. TriggerSource must be set to Software.
TriggerSource	Specifies the internal signal or physical input Line to use as the trigger source. The selected trigger must have its TriggerMode set to On.
TriggerDelay	Specifies the delay in microseconds (us) to apply after the trigger reception before activating it.
ExposureMode	Sets the operation mode of the Exposure (or shutter).
ExposureTimeSelector	Selects which exposure time is controlled by the ExposureTime feature. This allows for independent control over the exposure components.
ExposureTime	Sets the Exposure time when ExposureMode is Timed and ExposureAuto is Off. This controls the duration where the photosensitive cells are exposed to light.
ExposureTimeAbs	Sets the Exposure time when ExposureMode is Timed and ExposureAuto is Off. This controls the duration where the photosensitive cells are exposed to light.
ExposureTimeRaw	Sets the Exposure time when ExposureMode is Timed and ExposureAuto is Off. This controls the duration where the photosensitive cells are exposed to light.
ExposureAuto	Sets the automatic exposure mode when ExposureMode is Timed. The exact algorithm used to implement this control is device-specific.
ExposureAutoLimitMax	Determine the upper limit of exposure time when ExposureAuto is set to Continuous.
ExposureAutoLimitMin	Determine the lower limit of exposure time when ExposureAuto is set to Continuous.

9.16.4 TransportLayerControl

Name	Description
PayloadSize	Provides the number of bytes transferred for each image or chunk on the stream channel. This includes any end-of-line, end-of-frame statistics or other stamp data. This is the total size of data payload for a data block.

9.16.5 DigitalIOControl

Name	Description
LineSelector	Selects the physical line (or pin) of the external device connector to configure.
LineMode	Controls if the physical Line is used to Input or Output a signal.
LineInverter	Controls the inversion of the signal of the selected input or output Line.
LineStatus	Returns the current status of the selected input or output Line.
LineSource	Selects which internal acquisition or I/O source signal to output on the selected Line. LineMode must be Output.
UserOutputSelector	Selects which bit of the User Output register will be set by UserOutputValue.
UserOutputValue	Sets the value of the bit selected by UserOutputSelector.
StrobeOutDelay	Delay of StrobeOut signal when LineSource is set to StrobeOut(us).
StrobeOutOnTime	Duration of StrobeOut signal when LineSource is set to StrobeOut(us).
TriggerOutDelay	Delay of TriggerOut signal when LineSource is set to TriggerOut(us).
TriggerOutOnTime	Duration of TriggerOut signal when LineSource is set to TriggerOut(us).

9.16.6 EventControl

Name	Description
EventSelector	Selects which Event to signal to the host application.
EventNotification	Activate or deactivate the notification to the host application of the occurrence of the selected Event.

9.16.7 EventExposureEndData

Name	Description
EventExposureEnd	Returns the unique identifier of the ExposureEnd type of Event. This feature can be used to register a callback function to be notified of the event occurrence. Its value uniquely identifies the type of event that will be received.
EventExposureEndTimestamp	Returns the Timestamp of the ExposureEnd Event. It can be used to determine precisely when the event occurred.

9.16.8 EventTestData

Name	Description
EventTest	Returns the unique identifier of the Test type of Event. This feature can be used to register a callback function to be notified of the event occurrence. Its value uniquely identifies the type of event that will be received.
EventTestTimestamp	Returns the timestamp of the Test event.

9.16.9 AnalogControl

Name	Description
GainSelector	Selects which Gain is controlled by the various Gain features.
Gain	Controls the selected gain as an absolute physical value. This is an amplification factor applied to the video signal.
GainAuto	Sets the automatic gain control (AGC) mode. The exact algorithm used to implement AGC is device-specific.
GainAutoLimitMax	Determine the upper limit of gain when GainAuto is set to Continuous.
GainAutoLimitMin	Determine the lower limit of gain when GainAuto is set to Continuous.
AutoLightTarget	Determine the brightness target for GainAuto.
BlackLevelSelector	Selects which Black Level is controlled by the various Black Level features.
BlackLevel	Controls the black level as an absolute physical value. This represents a DC offset applied to the video signal.
BalanceRatioSelector	Selects which Balance ratio to control.
BalanceRatio	Controls ratio of the selected color component to a reference color component. It is used for white balancing.
BalanceWhiteAuto	Controls the mode for automatic white balancing between the color channels. The white balancing ratios are automatically adjusted.

9.16.10 LUTControl

Name	Description
PixelCorrectionAllEnabled	Enable pixel correction for all pixels.
PixelCorrectionIndex	Determine index of targeted pixel for pixel correction.
PixelCorrectionEnabled	Determine if targeted pixel is enabled for pixel correction.
PixelCorrectionX	Determine x-coordinate of targeted pixel for pixel correction.
PixelCorrectionY	Determine y-coordinate of targeted pixel for pixel correction.

9.16.11 UserSetControl

Name	Description
UserSetSelector	Selects the feature User Set to load, save or configure.
UserSetLoad	Loads the User Set specified by UserSetSelector to the device and makes it active.
UserSetSave	Save the User Set specified by UserSetSelector to the non-volatile memory of the device.
UserSetDefault	Selects the feature User Set to load and make active by default when the device is reset.

9.16.12 TestControl

Name	Description
TestPendingAck	Tests the device's pending acknowledge feature. When this feature is written, the device waits a time period corresponding to the value of TestPendingAck before acknowledging the write.
TestEventGenerate	Generates a Test Event.
TriggerEventTest	This register is used to control the generation of test events.

10 Revision History

Rev	Date	Changes	Note
00	2013/08/30	● New Document	
01	2013/09/13	● Update Revised: Minimum Scene Illumination ,SN	
02	2013/9/24 2014/03/17	● Update Added: Sensor Model (small suffix). Larger Spectral Sensitivity chart Revised: Power Consumption	
03	2016/01/13	● Update Company Name USB connector shape of rear case on Page10,18	
04	2017/07/03	● Update Change the name of company Added camera mounting	
05	2018/08/27	● Update Added GenICam Command list	
06	2018/09/25	● Update Added STC-MCE132U3V-C	
07	2019/02/27	● Revised Added trademark information	

USB3 Vision is trademark of AIA.

GenICam is trademark of EMVA.

Other company names and product names in this document are trademarks of their respective owners.

Aegis Electronic Group
www.aegiselect.com

OMRON SENTECH CO., LTD.

19F, Ebina Prime Tower
9-50, Chuo 2 chome
Ebina-city, Kanagawa
243-0432 Japan
TEL +81-46-236-6660 FAX +81-46-236-6661
URL <http://www.sentech.co.jp/>